**Tutor Copy: Bazaar ‘steal’ almost lands buyer in jail**

**(You will find this reading in the tutee’s book)**

**Step 1:** Did you read the text? What do you remember about the text?

**Step 2:** Read the title. What do you think it means?

* What do you find at a bazaar? Second-hand items
* What is the difference between *to steal* and *a steal?*
	+ *Steal : take something that belongs to someone else without permission (Voler)*
	+ *A steal: something for a very good price For example a new Iphone*

 for $50 (Bonne affaire)

* Have tutee read the title again and ask “Did the buyer of the cheap object go to jail?”
* What do you think the article is going to be about?
	+ *It’s about a person who went to a bazaar and bought something that was a very good deal and because of that the person almost went to jail.*
* *Do you think it will be a civil or criminal case?*
	+ *Civil cases usually involve private disputes between persons or organizations. Criminal cases involve an action that is considered to be harmful to society as a whole. There is the plaintiff (starts a lawsuit person who brings a case against another in a court of law and the defendant (the person being sued)*

**Vocabulary**

**Instructions:** Complete the sentences with the appropriate English word or phrase from the box below.

1. Saskatchewan has the highest **crime rate** (taux de criminalité) in the country.
2. Many **drug dealers** (vendeurs de drogue), **car thieves** (voleurs de voitures) and **cold-blooded murders** (meurtres de sang-froid) walk the streets **unpunished** (impuni).
3. The price was **a steal** (bonne affaire)
4. She had **to pawn** (metre en gage) her wedding ring.
5. The judge is about **to rule** (prononcer un jugement) on a man convicted of robbery.
6. A lawyer who is appointed by the court to represent a poor person is called **a court- appointed lawyer.**(avocat d’office)
7. After a half-day of **testimony** (témoignage) the judge ruled she did nothing illegal.
8. She was charged with **possession of stolen property** (recel d’objets volés).
9. During a **routine check** (un contrôle de routine) in a bar we had to show our ID to the police
10. Some prosecutors have decided to **crack down on** (a lutter contre )drug dealers in the downtown area
11. The thief’s **offence** (infraction) was stealing a diamond ring.

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| 1. Car thieves
2. A steal
3. Cold-blooded murders
4. Unpunished
5. offence
6. To crack down on
7. Court-appointed
8. To pawn
9. Routine check
 | 1. Voleurs de voitures
2. Bonne affaire
3. Meurtres de sang-froid
4. impuni
5. Infraction
6. À lutter contre
7. Avocat commis d’office
8. Metre en gage
9. Un contrôle de routine
 | 1. Testimony
2. Illegal
3. Home invasion
4. Possession of stolen property
5. To rule
6. Crime rate
7. Drug dealers
 | 1. témoignage
2. Illégal
3. Violation de domicile
4. Recel d’objets volés
5. Prononcer un jugement
6. Taux de criminalité
7. Vendeur de drogue
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STEP 3: After each step have the tutee summarize (the paragraph or sentence) or ask a question.

* + Read the first paragraph of the article.
	+ Read the first sentence in each paragraph.
	+ Read the last sentence in each paragraph.
	+ Go back and read in more detail.

STEP 4: Describe what happened to the woman who almost went to jail.

 Do you agree with the judge’s decision?

 Do you think the pawn broker should be punished?

STEP 5: Ask the tutee to translate the vocabulary words that the tutee had trouble with.

 How do you say \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English?

**Tutee Copy: Bazaar ‘steal’ almost lands buyer in jail**

**Step 2:** Read the title and answer your tutor’s questions.

**Vocabulary**

**Instructions:** Complete the sentences with the appropriate English word or phrase from the box below.

1. Saskatchewan has the highest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (taux de criminalité) in the country.
2. Many\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (vendeurs de drogue), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (voleurs de voitures) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (meurtres de sang-froid) walk the streets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (impuni).
3. The price was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (bonne affaire)
4. She had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (metre en gage) her wedding ring.
5. The judge is about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (prononcer un jugement) on a man convicted of robbery.
6. A lawyer who is appointed by the court to represent a poor person is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **.**(avocat d’office)
7. After a half-day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (témoignage) the judge ruled she did nothing illegal.

 8. She was charged with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (recel d’objets volés)

1. During a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (un contrôle de routine) in a bar we had to show our ID to the police
2. Some prosecutors have decided to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a lutter contre)drug dealers in the downtown area
3. The thief’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (infraction) was stealing a diamond ring.

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