**Tutor Copy: Bazaar ‘steal’ almost lands buyer in jail**

**(You will find this reading in the tutee’s book)**

**Step 1:** Did you read the text? What do you remember about the text?

**Step 2:** Read the title. What do you think it means?

* What do you find at a bazaar? Second-hand items
* What is the difference between *to steal* and *a steal?*
  + *Steal : take something that belongs to someone else without permission (Voler)*
  + *A steal: something for a very good price For example a new Iphone*

for $50 (Bonne affaire)

* Have tutee read the title again and ask “Did the buyer of the cheap object go to jail?”
* What do you think the article is going to be about?
  + *It’s about a person who went to a bazaar and bought something that was a very good deal and because of that the person almost went to jail.*
* *Do you think it will be a civil or criminal case?*
  + *Civil cases usually involve private disputes between persons or organizations. Criminal cases involve an action that is considered to be harmful to society as a whole. There is the plaintiff (starts a lawsuit person who brings a case against another in a court of law and the defendant (the person being sued)*

**Vocabulary**

**Instructions:** Complete the sentences with the appropriate English word or phrase from the box below.

1. Saskatchewan has the highest **crime rate** (taux de criminalité) in the country.
2. Many **drug dealers** (vendeurs de drogue), **car thieves** (voleurs de voitures) and **cold-blooded murders** (meurtres de sang-froid) walk the streets **unpunished** (impuni).
3. The price was **a steal** (bonne affaire)
4. She had **to pawn** (metre en gage) her wedding ring.
5. The judge is about **to rule** (prononcer un jugement) on a man convicted of robbery.
6. A lawyer who is appointed by the court to represent a poor person is called **a court- appointed lawyer.**(avocat d’office)
7. After a half-day of **testimony** (témoignage) the judge ruled she did nothing illegal.
8. She was charged with **possession of stolen property** (recel d’objets volés).
9. During a **routine check** (un contrôle de routine) in a bar we had to show our ID to the police
10. Some prosecutors have decided to **crack down on** (a lutter contre )drug dealers in the downtown area
11. The thief’s **offence** (infraction) was stealing a diamond ring.

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| 1. Car thieves 2. A steal 3. Cold-blooded murders 4. Unpunished 5. offence 6. To crack down on 7. Court-appointed 8. To pawn 9. Routine check | 1. Voleurs de voitures 2. Bonne affaire 3. Meurtres de sang-froid 4. impuni 5. Infraction 6. À lutter contre 7. Avocat commis d’office 8. Metre en gage 9. Un contrôle de routine | 1. Testimony 2. Illegal 3. Home invasion 4. Possession of stolen property 5. To rule 6. Crime rate 7. Drug dealers | 1. témoignage 2. Illégal 3. Violation de domicile 4. Recel d’objets volés 5. Prononcer un jugement 6. Taux de criminalité 7. Vendeur de drogue |

STEP 3: After each step have the tutee summarize (the paragraph or sentence) or ask a question.

* + Read the first paragraph of the article.
  + Read the first sentence in each paragraph.
  + Read the last sentence in each paragraph.
  + Go back and read in more detail.

STEP 4: Describe what happened to the woman who almost went to jail.

Do you agree with the judge’s decision?

Do you think the pawn broker should be punished?

STEP 5: Ask the tutee to translate the vocabulary words that the tutee had trouble with.

How do you say \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English?

**Tutee Copy: Bazaar ‘steal’ almost lands buyer in jail**

**Step 2:** Read the title and answer your tutor’s questions.

**Vocabulary**

**Instructions:** Complete the sentences with the appropriate English word or phrase from the box below.

1. Saskatchewan has the highest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (taux de criminalité) in the country.
2. Many\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (vendeurs de drogue), \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (voleurs de voitures) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (meurtres de sang-froid) walk the streets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (impuni).
3. The price was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (bonne affaire)
4. She had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (metre en gage) her wedding ring.
5. The judge is about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (prononcer un jugement) on a man convicted of robbery.
6. A lawyer who is appointed by the court to represent a poor person is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **.**(avocat d’office)
7. After a half-day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (témoignage) the judge ruled she did nothing illegal.

8. She was charged with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (recel d’objets volés)

1. During a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (un contrôle de routine) in a bar we had to show our ID to the police
2. Some prosecutors have decided to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a lutter contre)drug dealers in the downtown area
3. The thief’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (infraction) was stealing a diamond ring.

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